



REVIEW OF DESIGN & IMPLEMENTATION
OF ELECTRO-HOLOGRAPHIC DISPLAYS

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International Year of Light 2015





A presentation slide titled "About Holoxica" is displayed on a screen. The slide features a blue header with the title and a small graphic of three colored cubes (green, red, blue) with lines connecting them. Below the title is a bulleted list under the heading "▪ Holographic 3D Solutions".

- Holographic 3D Solutions
 - Digital Holograms
 - Holographic Displays R&D
 - Fabless design

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About Holoxica

- Holographic 3D Solutions
 - Digital Holograms
 - Holographic Displays R&D
 - Fabless design
- Markets
 - Medical Imaging
 - Scientific Visualisation
 - Engineering/Industrial



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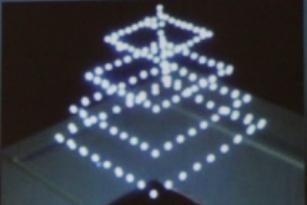
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3D Technologies



- Classification
 - Stereoscopic
 - Volumetric
 - Integral imaging
 - Holography
 - “Others”
- Commercial focus
 - Viable technologies [1-2]



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Terminology for displays



2D/3D displays

- Visual perception limits
- Colour response
 - Red, green & blue
- Persistence of vision
- Field of view
- Multi-viewer

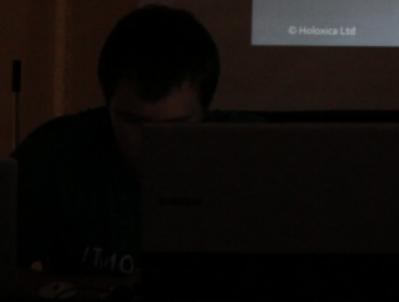
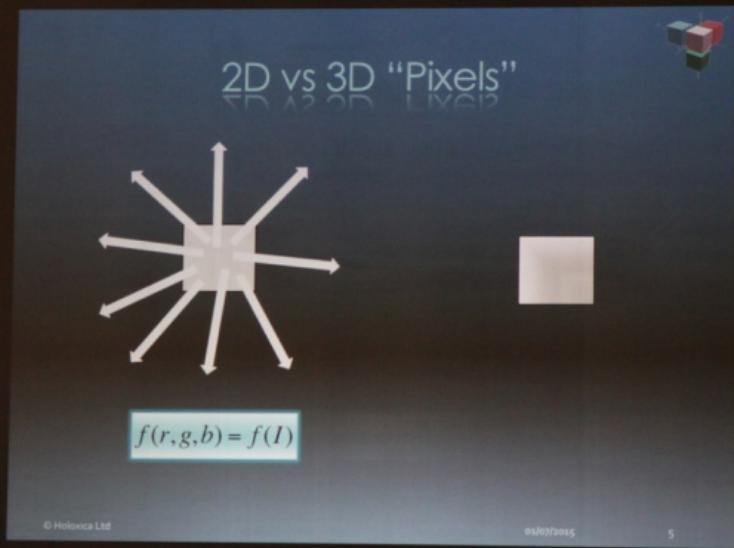
3D displays

- Multiviewer?
- Binocular vision
 - Stereopsis
 - Vergence
- Monocular depth cues
 - Accommodation
- 3D pixel
 - Voxel
 - Hogels/holopixel

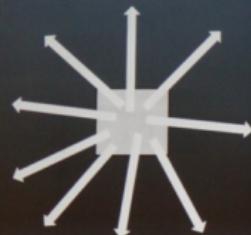
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2D vs 3D “Pixels”



$$f(r, g, b) = f(I)$$

$$f(I, \theta, \varphi)$$

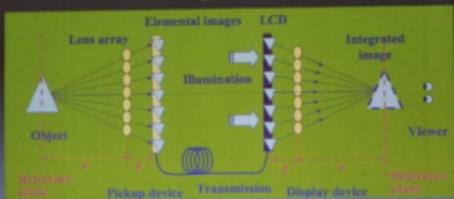
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Integral Imaging

- Proposed by G. Lippmann
- 3D Light Field Synthesis
 - Elemental images
 - Lenslet array: fly's eye
 - Integrate series of 2D images



E. Stoykova et al [3]

osintensity

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Fourier Optics

The diagram illustrates the propagation of light from a source plane to a hologram plane. In the Source plane, a point P_1 at coordinates (x_1, y_1) emits a wave $u(x_1, y_1)$. This wave propagates along a radial vector r to the Hologram plane. In the Hologram plane, the wave is represented by a distribution $g(x, y)$. The distance between the Source plane and the Hologram plane is labeled z_0 . The text "Forward propagation" is written below the diagram.

- Pre-requisites
 - Signal processing
 - Image processing
 - Optics
- Propagation Models
 - Scalar theory
 - Kirchoff diffraction integral

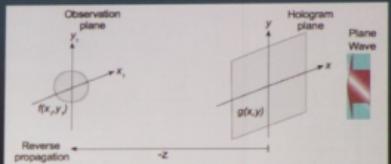
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Fourier Optics



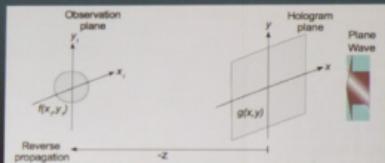
- Pre-requisites
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$$g(x, y, z_0) = \frac{1}{j\lambda} \iint_P u(x_0, y_0; 0) \frac{z \exp(jkr)}{r^2} dx_0 dy_0$$
$$r = \sqrt{(x - x_0)^2 + (y - y_0)^2 + z_0^2}$$

Fourier Optics

- Pre-requisites
 - Signal processing
 - Image processing
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Fresnel approximation:

$$r = z + \frac{(x - x_0)^2 + (y - y_0)^2}{2z}$$

$$h = \frac{1}{j\lambda z} \exp(-jkz) \exp\left(-\frac{jk(x^2 + y^2)}{2z}\right)$$

$$H = \exp(jkz) \exp\left(j\pi\lambda z(f_i^2 - f_i^2)\right)$$

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midterms

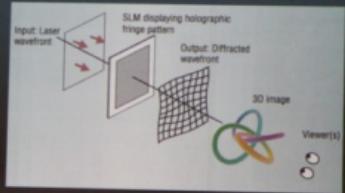
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Holographic display design

- **Display fabrication**

- 1 μm pitch, 5x5cm
- Diffraction angle: 60 deg
- 50x50mm = 2.5 Gpixels



Chris Slinger et al [4]

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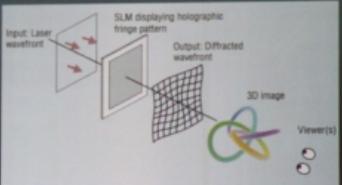
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Holographic display design

- Display fabrication
 - 1 μm pitch, 5x5cm
 - Diffraction angle: 60 deg
 - 50x50mm = 2.5 Gpixels
- Bandwidth
 - 3bits/pixel=937.5 Mbytes
 - 25fps*3(RGB)=70.3GB/s
- CGH computation
 - 1 mm³ volume
 - 100 μm spacing
 - 1k points/cu mm
 - 10 ops per point
 - $1k * 10^3 * 2.5G * 25 * 3$
 $=1.875 \text{ Pops/sec}$



Chris Slinger et al [4]

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Practical Considerations

| Parameter | 4K Display | Design |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Diagonal | 9.6" | 2.8" |
| Resolution px | 24.7M RGB | 2.5G |
| Pixel density ppi | 1.3k (H) | 25.4k (H/V) |
| Pixel size | 18.5µm | 1µm |
| Bandwidth GB/s | 2.25 | 70.3 |
| Computation Pops | - | 1.875 |

- Very challenging
 - Simplifications
 - Optimisations
 - Single parallax
 - Compression
 - Other models



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Academic Displays

- MIT Media Labs
 - AOM
 - Mark1-4
- Rewriteable materials
 - University of Arizona [6]
 - Electrically-erasable
 - Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ. [7]
 - Optically-erasable



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Military Displays



- Qinteq display [4]
 - OA-SLMs
 - Tiled Array
- Zebra Imaging [8]
 - 21" diag
 - Brightness: 200 cd/m²
 - Contrast 70:1
 - Viewing angle: 90 deg
 - 4000 colours
 - ~3Hz refresh rate

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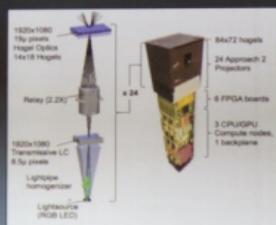




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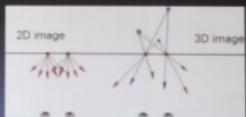


Semi-holographic

- Holografika, Hungary
 - Light field
 - Multi-projection technology
 - 'Holographic screen'
 - Commercially available
- Ostendo
 - Fine pixels
 - Integral imaging



© Holografika, HU



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Constrained Displays

- SeeReal

- Constrain viewer
- Simplified SLM
- Eye tracking



- Leia Inc [9]

- Directional gratings
- Edge-lit



- Realview Imaging?

- Holoxica



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ITMO
UNIVE

Display tech roadmap



ITMO,
UNIVE

1st Gen Display



- Holoscreen
 - Multiplexed & interleaved
 - Fixed nr frames
- Proof of concept, 2010
- Real space images
- Easy illumination
- Patented
- Cons
 - Limited resolution
 - Scalability

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2nd Gen Display

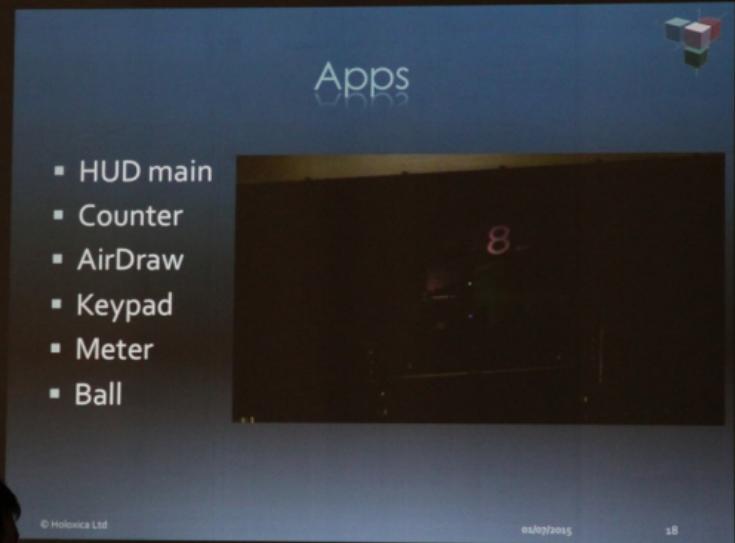
- HOE Display, 2013
- Focal lengths
 - DCG: 22cm @532nm
- Viewing angle
 - 30 deg, before distortion
- Diffraction efficiency
 - 65%
- Image size ~7x7cm
- Distortion
 - Non-paraxial imaging
 - Barrel distortion



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Next steps: volume display



- 3rd Generation display
- Real space
- Volume slices
 - CT/MRI scanners
- Advanced components
 - Lasers
 - Optical elements



Artist's impression

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Thank You!

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